consult with him for information and assistance.

## Assessment of Majors

Political science majors culminate their studies by taking Senior Seminar (PSC 498) in which they will demonstrate the ability to write a quality, in-depth political science research paper using the methods of the discipline. The student will present his/her paper to fellow seminar members and political science faculty. All senior political science majors must take the Major Field Achievement Test in Political Science.

### Student Organizations

**Pi Sigma Alpha** is the National Honor Society in Political Science. Eligible students are juniors who have completed ten semester hours of work in political science including at least one upper-division course, with an average grade of B or higher in those courses. They must also have achieved an overall GPA placing them in the top one-third of their whole class (i.e., junior or senior class). They need NOT be political science majors or minors to qualify for membership.

The **Political Science Club** exists for the purpose of promoting an interest in politics, policy, and political participation on the part of Union University students. The Political Science club is open to majors, minors, and any Union University community member interested in politics.

The Union Pre-Law Society is open to all students regardless of major who are interested in attending law school.

### 325. Politics and Governments of Asia (3) S—Odd Years

A study of Asia in modern times with emphasis on China, Japan, and one additional state selected on the basis of political conditions in Asia at the time of the course.

# 330. Public Administration and Policy Making (3) S—Even Years

A study of the "fourth branch" of government of the United States with a focus on the development of public policy and its administration. The relationship among the executive, legislative, and judicial branches is also emphasized.

#### 332. Comparative Political Systems (3) F—Even Years

An analysis of the primary political systems that form the basis of modern nation-states, namely, liberal democratic systems, communist and post-communist systems, and the developing systems of the post-colonial international community. This course does not deal with particular governmental structures.

### 333. International Organizations and Law (3) F—Odd Years

International organizations, both governmental and non-governmental, as they interact with international community. International law and its development are examined.

### 340. The Judicial Process F—Even Years

The nature of law, the principal actors in the legal system—police, lawyers, and judges—and their roles in the system as well as the ability of courts to make social policy.

### 342. The United States Congress (3) F—Odd Years

The role of Congress in American government, including congressional elections, representation, the organization of Congress, and policy-making and its interaction with others such as the president, interest groups, the media, and political parties.

# 344. The American Presidency (3) S—Odd Years