Available on the Jackson Campus

and implement viable solutions, and evaluate outcomes (Problem Solve)r

Union University's Doctor of Pharmacy program is accredited Problem Solve)r by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE,3. Collect and assess patient information and develop, www.acpe-accred)t.thrg national organization that accredits implement, monitor, evaluate and document a Pharmacists' Doctor of Pharmacy programs offered by Colleges and Schools Patient Care Process (PPCP) in order to provide patientof Pharmacy in the United States and selected non-U.S. sites. centered care(Caregive)r Questions about the status of the University's accreditation4.

may be posed to the Dean of the College of Pharmacy's office (731.661.5958) or to ACPE (312.664.4652).

College of Pharmacy Vision

- Providing aChrist-centeredvironment that focuses on the intellectual, spiritual, and moral development of students in committing themselves to the service and needs of society,
- Developing pharmacy students as practitioners who are people-focusequipped to provide optimal care, in an interprofessional environment, based on evidence and best-practice standards, and
- Supporting an academic environment that fosters the future-direct**gd** with of students and faculty as it relates to education, practice, research, and scholarship initiatives.

Educational Outcomes

- 1. Acquire, integrate, and apply knowledge from biomedical, pharmaceutical, social/behavioral/administrative, and clinical sciences to explain drug products and action, evaluate scientific literature, solve therapeutic problems, provide patient-centered care, and promote population health (I. Learne)
- 2. Identify problems (e.g., operational, research, clinical, business), explore and prioritize potential strategies, design

Financial Assistance

Financial aid information for graduate students is available on our website alwww.uu.edu/financiala@enerally, graduate students may be eligible for Federal Direct student loans or private alternative student loans, depending on the program of study and the eligibility of the borrower. Union University is also approved by the Department for Veterans Affairs to offer educational benefits to veterans, reservists, and dependents of veterans who qualify for Veterans Benefits. Any person who qualifies for VA Benefits should check with the Office of Student PHRM735; PHRM744; PHRM765; PHRM772; PHRM 759. Please see the Master of Business Administration section of the Graduate Catalogue for MBA core coursework and prerequisite coursework. Please contact the McAfee School of Business Graduate Program Director (gradbusiness@uu.edu, 731-661-5367) for any questions you may have. Applicants to dual degrees must apply to and be accepted to each program separately, per current admission requirements of each program.

Course Descriptions: Pharmacy (PHRM) BPE: Board-preparatory elective NBPE: Non board-preparatory elective

510. Advanced Human Gross Anatomy (2) Prerequisites: BIO 221 & 222. Reciprocal Credit: BIO 510 This course will incorporate the dissection of cadavers and viewing of anatomical models in understanding the nervous, endocrine, cardiovascular, respiratory, digestive, and urinary systems of the human body. Additional emphasis is placed on the needs of professional health care personnel.

519. Clinical Microbiology (2)

Reciprocal credit: BIO 519

A review of the organisms associated with infections in humans with application directed towards those most commonly encountered in the United States. This will focus on how the body responds to various types of infections, and relevant clinical treatment methods.

524. Immunology Concepts (1)

Reciprocal credit: BIO 524

A survey of the immune system. This will be integrated with how the body responds to various types of immunologic disorders and relevant clinical treatment methods.

700. Introduction to Pharmacy (2)

Introduction to the practice of pharmacy for first year students including an introduction to the profession and its evolving opportunities, what a pharmacist is, their role in the various settings of the health care system including drug distribution, drug utilization and the use of technology and supportive personnel.

701. Special Projects in Community Practice (2) (BPE) This course provides advanced knowledge of clinical topics and emerging practice developments as they relate to community practice. Students will learn aspects of community practice beyond the traditional dispensing role of the pharmacist and gain skills to aid them in becoming community pharmacy practice innovators.

702. Ambulatory Care (2) (BPE)

An elective course designed to strengthen the student's understanding of diseases or illnesses common in an adult ambulatory care practice. The course utiliz/TT3 1 Tcar

710. Medical Terminology (1)

718. Non-Prescription Drugs/Counseling (3)

This course provides an introduction to the origin and Designed to acquaint students with indications, actions, possible definition of medical terms used in various healthcare settingadverse events and contraindications of non-prescription drugs In addition, it provides an introduction into body structures, with an emphasis on communication with patients and providers. diseases, and treatments arranged in an organ system manistrudents will be evaluated on their ability to obtain medical histories and counseling skills.

711. Heath Care and Missions (2) (NBPE)

This elective course provides students an opportunity lear 719. Pharmacology Research (2) (BPE) about another culture and participate in a short-term health carAn elective course designed to help students develop an mission trip. Students will learn to coordinate drug distribution, understanding of the principles of toxicology through lectures, make pharmacotherapy recommendations within a limited class discussion, and developing and giving oral presentations formulary, and provide patient education in a setting with manyabout current toxicological issues within the field of pharmacy. communication barriers. Students, guided by faculty, will learn 721. Advanced Pharmacokinetics (2) (BPE) to provide patient care in this unique environment.

712. Oncology (2) (BPE)

Building on foundational principles, students will use analysis software to perform nonlinear regression of pharmacokinetic

Elective course to provide students advanced exposure data. They will evaluate literature and become familiar with oncology building on topics in PHRM 769. Students areFDA guidance documents for clinical pharmacology and introduced to different malignant disease states and their common pharmaceutics topics. Discussion will include advanced chemotherapeutics regimens, the principles of concern prevetapics as optimal sampling design, pharmacokinetic clinical and screening, pharmaceutical care to manage short and lortigal design, enterophepatic recirculation models and term side effects from cancer and treatments, and appropriate ronopharmacokinetics.

management and handling of cytotoxic medications.

713. Critical Care (2) (BPE)

722. Pharmacy Practice and Applied Jurisprudence (1)

A survey of skills and resources needed to navigate contemporary Elective course designed to strengthen student's knowledge of armacy practice. Students will interpret legislative and common critical care topics with emphasis on applications of egulatory applications as they work through case-based primary research in various disease states. The course will utilize narios. Students will explore safety concerns within the group discussion of literature including reviews, guidelines, another workplace and relate solutions to address them. primary research articles on selected topics in the area of criticaludents will study management and business principles to care therapeutics. Students will give presentations to extend fectively achieve shared goals. Students will examine the their knowledge beyond that provided in previous courseworkimplications of precision medicine on the practice of pharmacy.

714. IPE I (1) 715. IPE II (1) 720. IPE III (1) 723. Drug Information and Informatics (3)

PHRM 723 covers the fundamental concepts of drug information practice, clinical trial design and analysis, and

The Interprofessional Practice & Education (IPE) coursepharmacy informatics. It is designed to introduce key concepts is one of three designed to focus on the development oand establish a basic knowledge and skillset. Future courses interprofessional skills required for collaboration with other (e.g. PHRM 772) will develop mastery of the interpretation of healthcare providers in contemporary pharmacy practiceclinical data and application of the evidence in the delivery of The primary emphasis will be on roles and responsibilities individualized pharmaceutical care. This course also introduces of healthcare team members and collaboration with other variety of topics related to the medication use system. healthcare providers to provide interprofessional patient care. 724. Diabetes Management (2) (BPE)

716. Principles of Pharmaceutical Sciences (3) An elective course designed to provide students further An introduction to the chemical and physical properties of exposure to diabetes topics including but not limited to: medicinal agents. It will provide a foundational understandingguidelines, drug selection algorithms, nutrition and insulin of key concepts in the pharmaceutical sciences in preparationsing, adjustment, and titration. Topics presented by lecture, for coursework in medicinal chemistry, pharmacology and discussion, and simulation. pharmaceutics. 725. Principles of Pharmacology I (2)

717. Advanced Pain Management (2) (BPE) The first of a two-course sequence that integrates concepts Elective course building on PHRM 707, an in-depth overviewin physiology and pathophysiology to understand drug of pain management, including pain classifications, assessmemte chanisms and their impact on disease. The course uses an

pharmacological and non-pharmacological treatment options of argan systems approach to cover the various drug classes. variety of nociceptive and neuropathic pain syndromes.

726. Pharmacological Basis of Drug Action I (3)

731. Introduction to Institutional Practice (2)

Introduction course for first year students discussing drug This P-1 course is one of five designed to focus on the for cholinergic, adrenergic, cardiovascular, pulmonarydevelopment of professional skills required for contemporary and endocrine system. Drug class, mechanism of actiopharmacy practice. The primary emphasis is on drug drug interaction and toxicities, pharmacodynamics and distribution in the institutional setting, communication skills pharmacokinetics are discussed. and interprofessional patient care. During this 2-week (80

727. Institute on Alcoholism and Drug Dependencies (2) (BPE)

contact hours) rotation, students are exposed to the role and responsibilities of the pharmacist in institutional practice and the importance of the pharmacist in patient care.

This course serves as an introductory or refresher session and a networking opportunity to provide information, motivation and 732. Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry Research (2) guidance for student pharmacists who currently participate in of NBPE)

wish to become involved in the planning, implementation, or In this introductory experience, students will work with faculty strengthening of state-level and campus-level programs, to hedpdevelop skills in computer-aided design of novel drug and assist pharmacists or student pharmacists whose competes for specific therapeutic targets and in the laboratory to perform their responsibilities has become impaired due too synthesize various structures for pharmacological testing alcoholism or other drug dependencies by assisting them iand evaluation.

finding treatment, ongoing recovery and reentry into the_ practice of pharmacy or their pharmacy education; and to 33. Pharmaceutics I (3)

better prepare attendees to provide appropriate assistance introduction to the scientific principles and regulatory and support to clients affected by alcoholism and other drug lesign, compounding, and use. An emphasis will be placed on after acceptance into the Institute on Alcoholism and Drug solid dosage forms including powders, tablets, and capsules, as Dependencies by the American Pharmacists Association and are only eligible to receive elective credit upon completion of the institute requirements and course requirements. Institute

completion requirements include one week of on-site training 34. Pharmaceutics II (2)

in Salt Lake City at the University of Utah.

A continuation of 733 to further the understanding of the scientific principles and regulatory issues of pharmaceutical

728. Chemical Basis of Drug Action I (3) An introduction to the chemical and physical properties of dosage form and delivery system design, with an emphasis medicinal agents through discussion of the relationships on liquid and semi-solid dosage forms. This course will of structural properties of drugs to their pharmacological emphasize oral, topical, transdermal, and parenteral routes properties, absorption, distribution, metabolism, chemical of administration. The student will develop competency in compounding, proper aseptic technique, and preparation of activity, and mechanism of action. sterile products with hands-on training in the laboratory.

729. Immunization Training and Certification (1)

The APhA certification course highlights the role of vaccines in $\frac{735}{100}$. The Union Pharmacist (2)

the prevention of infectious diseases, the role of the pharmacist in promoting and providing vaccines to patients, and steps to implementing an immunization program into various pharmacy practice settings. Injection technique will be taught, practiced, and assessed.

730. Introduction to Community Practice (2)

This P-1 course is one of five designed to focus on the development of professional skills required for contemporary pharmacy practice. The primary emphasis is on drug distribution in the community setting, communication skills and interprofessional patient care. During this 2-week (80 contact hours) rotation, students are exposed to the role and responsibilities of the pharmacist in community practice and the importance of the pharmacist in patient care.

739. Clinical Laboratory Medicine (1)

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764. Pharmaceutics I Lab – Compounding (1)

This lab course is designed for PY2 students to apply some of the basic principles and concepts they learned from physical pharmacy (Pharmaceutics 1) as a means of performing pharmaceutical compounding. This course will emphasize an understanding of the formulation and physiological factors involved in the delivery and absorption of drugs through a variety of routes of administration and dosage forms. The formulation, stability, and packaging of various dosage forms will be studied. Students will learn and experience preparing some traditional solid dosage forms like tablets, capsules, powders, lozenges, and suppositories. It will also emphasize the preparation of some liquid dosage forms including solutions and suspensions. Semi-solids such as creams, pastes, ointments and emulsions will also be emphasized and prepared in the lab. Additionally the student will also utilize and apply their pharmaceutical calculation skills, which they began acquiring or developing from the previous year. For example in a compounding pharmacy, the pharmacists must know and frequently perform the necessary mathematical calculations to an80I.9 (ts muTc -06 (parnis)5.8 (o)g8n/ (pha)-)]TJ ET.016t9 >>Bl2

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774. Clinical Foundations (2)

This course is designed provide an update and systematic review of key disease states and related drugs. Students will be required to demonstrate competency in their knowledge of the Top 300 drugs and application of these drugs to the clinical management of commonly encountered diseases.

775. Pharmacy Foundations (2)

This course is designed provide an update and review of key foundational concepts in the pharmaceutical sciences. This includes, but is not limited to, pharmaceutical calculations, pharmacokinetics, pharmaceutics, medicinal chemistry, pharmacology, and pharmacy administration.

776. Internal Medicine Pharmacotherapy (2) (BPE) This course is designed strengthen the student's knowledge of general internal medicine topics with emphasis on application of primary research and current guidelines in various disease states. The course will utilize formal lectures as well as group discussion of primary literature including reviews, guidelines and primary research articles on selected topics in the area of internal medicine therapeutics. Students will also give presentations on other related topics that will extend their knowledge beyond that provided in previous coursework.

777. Pediatric Pharmacotherapy (2) (BPE)

This course will provide pharmacy students with a didactic learning experience that will develop a solid foundation in pediatric pharmacy. During this elective, students will develop and refine their clinical skills that will enhance future rotations, especially in the field of pediatrics. The student will become familiar with common pediatric disease states and therapies.

778. Drug-Induced Diseases (2) (BPE)

This is an elective course designed to help students understand the prevention, detection, and management of drug induced diseases in an organ system specific manner. The goal of this course is to prepare students to recognize some of the most common and serious drug induced conditions and have awareness of the possible causes. The course will provide the basis for the evaluation and monitoring of these adverse effects. This course will also explore the FDA approval process, principles of medication safety, and their impacts on healthcare. Evaluation of student's performance will be achieved through presentations, quizzes, exams, and class participation.

779. Medication Therapy Management (2) (BPE)

This course offers pharmacy students the opportunity to complete the coursework provided by the American Pharmacist Association for the Delivering Medication Therapy Management Services certification. In addition to completing this coursework, students will have the opportunity to perform practice MTM cases and to review problems commonly

Advanced Pharmacy Practice Experiences (APPE)

700. Advanced Institutional Practice (4)

This APPE is a required course designed to offer the student Each Advanced Pharmacy Practice Experience (APPE) advanced experience in an institutional pharmacy practice designed to offer the student increased experience in unique and progressive pharmacy practice settings. Students are exposed to the roles and responsibilities of the pharmacist in practice and previously in the curriculum in the importance of the pharmacist in direct and indirect patient. Care, Students will be expected to be a previously in the curriculum in the care. Students will be expected to be a previously in the curriculum in agencies: identify and receive mediation with the curriculum in the importance of the pharmacist in direct and indirect patient. care. Students will be expected to hone practice skills, professional plact patient specific information for the development of an judgement, behaviors, attitudes and values, confidence, and vidence-based treatment plan; respond to drug information both independently and collaboratively in an Interprofessional questions; communicate effectively, orally and in writing, with team-based care environment. Courses are taught by full-time faculty members or by practicing pharmacists appointed by the structure as an interprofessional healthcare team member; and University as Clinical Preceptors. APPEs take place at approved

institutions and pharmacies. Most sites are located in West10. Advanced Community Practice (4 each) Tennessee: however the College has approved over 400 clinicalo APPEs in this section are required courses, 710A and preceptors working at 300 sites in 30+ states across the nation10B. One additional course can be completed as an elective

APPE. Each course is designed to offer the student advanced support the student advanced in various community pharmacy practice settings. usually begin on the first and end on the last weekday of the students are expected to apply knowledge and skills learned month. The typical work week consists of 40 hours Monday during the experience and previously in the curriculum in order Friday; however evening and weekend hours are permitted Students are expected to work a minimum of 160 contact hours resolve medication-related problems; collect patient specific during the rotation; exact schedules are set by the Clinical Information for medication therapy management (MTM); Preceptor. appropriately document MTM and related activities; respond

Doctor of Pharmacy students are required to complete tetp drug information questions; identify and provide health APPE courses. APPE courses cannot begin until the studeptevention services, including immunizations; communicate has completed all required didactic courses and introductor offectively, orally and in writing, with patients, caregivers, pharmacy practice experiences. and other health professionals; manage a pharmacy practice;

Students must complete the following six required APPEs:

- APPE 700. Advanced Institutional Practice
- APPE 710A. Advanced Chain Community Practice
- APPE 710B. Advanced Independent Community Practice
- APPE 720. Ambulatory Care (any section)
- APPE 730A. Acute Care Internal Medicine
- APPE 730. (any section)

Students must complete four elective APPE courses, which re pharmacy practice setting. Students are expected to include the following:

- APPE 710. (Any section, limited to one course in addition to the required courses stated above)
- APPE 720. (Any section)
- APPE 730. (Any section, not limited in number of courses)
- APPE 740, 750, or 770. (Any section, limited to two courses)

and conduct themselves in a professional manner. Course are repeatable for credit.

710A. Advanced Chain Community Practice 710B.Advanced Independent Community Practice

720. Ambulatory Care (4 each)

One APPE in this section is required. Additional courses can be completed as elective APPEs. The course is designed to offer the student advanced experience in an ambulatory

apply knowledge and skills learned during the experience

and previously in the curly 16 269.arned durin EMC /P <</L05.454El

730. Acute Care Pharmacy Practice (4 each)

Two APPEs from this section are required, including Acute Care Internal Medicine and any other course listed. Additional courses in this section may be completed as elective APPEs. These courses are designed to offer the student advanced experience in acute care pharmacy practice settings. Students are expected to apply knowledge and skills learned during the experience and previously in the curriculum in order to accurately and efficiently communicate with patients, caregivers, and health care professionals; collect and analyze patient information for the development of an evidence-based treatment plans in the acute care setting; appropriately documents interventions in the medical record; identify and resolve medication-related problems; respond to drug information questions; actively participate as an interprofessional healthcare team member; and conduct themselves in a professional manner.

730A. Internal Medicine
730B. Infectious Disease
730C. Cardiology
730D. Women's Health
730E. Neonatology/Pediatrics
730F. Oncology
730G. Critical Care
730H. Nutrition
730J. Psychiatry

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